

```
A
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int n, a, counter = 0; cin >> n; int mas[2001] = {0}; float san;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        scanf("%d", &a); mas[a+1000]++;
    }
    for (int i = 0; i <= 2000; i++)
    {
        if (mas[i] == 0) continue;
        counter += (mas[i]-1)*(mas[i])/2;
        for (int q = i+1; q <= 2000; q++)
        {
            if (mas[q] == 0) continue;
            san = sqrt((i-1000)*(q-1000));
            if (san == floor(san) && san == ceil(san)) {counter += mas[i]*mas[q];}
        }
    }
    printf("%d", counter);
}
```

```

B
n = input()
s = input()
a = if permutations(s)
for i in a:
i = " ".join(i)
if i[0] != 0 and int(i) % 8 == 0:
print('YES')
break
else:
print('NO')

```

```

B
input()
a = input()
s = ""
st = a[::-1]
st += st
if int(s) % 8 == 0
print('YES')
else
print('NO')

```

```

C
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main() {
int n;
double s;
cin >> n >> s;
double mx_f = s, mx_s = 0, mn_f = s, mn_s = 0;
for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
double p;
cin >> p;
s = s + (abs(s) * p);
if (s > mx_f) mx_f = s, mx_s = i;
if (s < mn_f) mn_f = s, mn_s = i;
}
cout << mn_s << " " << mx_s;
}

```

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int n, num[10005]; // size, array
int k; // create counter
int main()
{
    cin >> n;
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
    {
        cin >> num[i];
        for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
        {
            for (int j = i+1; j <= n; j++)
            {
                // check number
                if (num[i] * num[j] >= 0)
                if ((double) sqrt(num[i] * num[j]) == (int) sqrt(num[i] * num[j]))
                {
                    k++; // update counter
                }
            }
        }
        cout << k; // answer
    }
    cout << k; // answer
    return 0;
}
```

```

B. import itertools as it
n = input()
s = input()
a = it.permutations(s)
for i in a:
    i = join(i)
    if i[0] != 0 and int(i) % 8 == 0:
        print('Yes')
        break
    else:
        print('NO')

```

```

C. #include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int n;
    double s;
    cin >> n >> s;
    double mx_f = s, mx_s = 0, mn_f = s, mn_s = 0;
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
    {
        double p;
        cin >> p;
        s = s + (abs(s) * p);
        if (s > mx_f) mx_f = s, mx_s = i;
        if (s < mn_f) mn_f = s, mn_s = i;
    }
    cout << mn_s << " " << mx_s;
}

```

```

Sagora A
#include <vector>
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
int main ()
{
ios::sync_with_stdio(false);
int n, b = 0;
cin >> n;
string s;
cin >> s;

if (n == 1) {
if ((s[0] - '0') % 8 == 0) {cout << "YES"; return 0;}
} else if (n == 2) {
if ((s[0] - '0') * 10 + (s[1] - '0') % 8 == 0) {cout << "YES"; return 0;}
else if ((s[1] - '0') * 10 + (s[0] - '0') % 8 == 0) {cout << "Yes"; return 0;}
}
else {
do {
if (s[0] != '0') {
if ((s[n-3] - '0') * 100 + (s[n-2] - '0') * 10 + (s[n-1] - '0') % 8 == 0)
} {cout << "YES"; return 0;}
else if (s[n-3] == '0' && s[n-2] == '0' && s[n-1] == '0') {cout << "YES";
return 0;}
}
} while (next_permutation(s.begin(), s.end()));
}
cout << "NO";
return 0;
}

```

```
Sagara B
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
typedef long long ll;
int main() {
    ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0); cin.tie(0);
    int n;
    cin >> n;
    double s;
    cin >> s;
    ll minimum_index = 0, maximum_index = 0, minimum = s, maximum = s;
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
        double cur;
        cin >> cur;
        s += abs(s) * cur;
        if (minimum > s) {
            minimum = s;
            minimum_index = i;
        }
        if (maximum < s) {
            maximum = s;
            maximum_index = i;
        }
    }
    cout << minimum_index << " " << maximum_index << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

```
Solution C
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <cmath>
using namespace std;

int main() {
    int n, q;
    cin >> n >> q;
    vector <int> a;
    a.reserve(n);
    vector <int> b;
    b.reserve(n);
    vector <int> sums;

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        cin >> a[i];
    }

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        cin >> b[i];
    }

    for (int j = 0; j < q; j++) {
        int l, r, sum = 0;
        cin >> l >> r;
        for (int i = l - 1; i < r; i++) {
            sum += pow(a[i] - b[i], 2);
        }
        sums.push_back(sum);
    }

    for (int i = 0; i < sums.size(); i++) {
        cout << sums[i] << endl;
    }
}
```

Zagarcha A. Демума?

var

d, p: array [0..9] of integer;

i, k, n, m, t, r: integer;

c: char;

f: string [3];

begin

f := 'NO';

readln(k);

for i := 1 to k do

begin

read(c);

inc(d[ord(c) - ord('0')]);

end;

readln;

if (k > d[0]) or (k = 1)

then if d[0] < 3

then begin

if k >= 3

then r := 3

else r := k;

m := round(exp(r * ln(n!)) - 1

m := m - m mod 8;

n := m div 10 + 7;

n := n - n mod 8;

while n <= m do

begin

for i := 0 to 9 do p[i] := 0;

t := n;

repeat

inc(p[t mod 10]);

t := t div 10

until t = 0;

for i := 0 to 10 do if (p[i] > 0) and (p[i] <= d[i])

then inc(t);

if t = r

then begin

f := 'Yes';

break

end;

inc(n, 8)

end

end

else f := 'Yes';

writeln(f)

end.

```
Zagara B. Denozum
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
typedef long long ll;
int main(){
    ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0); cin.tie(0);
    int n;
    cin >> n;
    double s;
    cin >> s;
    // minimum_index=0, maximum_index=0, minimum=s, maximum=s;
    for(int i=1; i<=n; i++){
        double cur;
        cin >> cur;
        s += abs(s) * cur;
        if (minimum > s) {
            minimum = s;
            minimum_index = i;
        }
        if (maximum < s) {
            maximum = s;
            maximum_index = i;
        }
    }
    cout << minimum_index << " " << maximum_index << "\n";
    return 0;
}
```

Бағана С. Гүлмира Квандартова

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <cmath>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    int n, q;
    cin >> n >> q;
    vector<int> a;
    a.reserve(n);
    vector<int> b;
    b.reserve(n);
    vector<int> sums;
    for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {
        cin >> a[i];
    }
    for(int i=0; i<q; i++) {
        int l, r, sum=0;
        cin >> l >> r;
        for(int j=l-1; j<r; j++) {
            sum += pow(a[j]-b[j], 2);
        }
        sums.push_back(sum);
    }
    for(int i=0; i<sums.size(); i++) {
        cout << sums[i] << endl;
    }
}
```

1.A

```
#include <vector>
#include <map>
#define ll long long
using namespace std;
void ok (bool a) {
    if (a) cout << "YES";
    else cout << "NO";
    exit (0)
}
int main () {
    ll n, k;
    string s;
    map <ll, ll> m;
    vector <string> v;
    cin >> n
    if (n == 1) {
        cin >> k
        if (k % 8 == 0) ok (1)
        else ok (0)
    }
    else if (n == 2) {
        cin >> k;
        if (k % 8 == 0) ok (1)
        else {
            k = (k % 10) * 10 + k / 10
            ok (1)
        }
    }
}
```

A

```
cin >> s;
for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); i++) m[s[i] - '0']++;
for (int i = 0; i = 1000; i += 8) {
    map[s[i] / 100] += w;
    w = 100 / i;
    w = i % 100;
}
if (m[i / 100] >= w[i / 100, 100] & m[i % 100] >= w[i % 100, 100])
    ok = 1;
}
```

2 B

```
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
int main ()
{
    int n;
    float s;
    cin >> n >> s;
    double max_m = s, min = s, max_d = 0, min_d = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        float percent;
        cin >> percent;
        s = s + (abs(s) * percent);
        if (s > max_m) { max_m = s; max_d = i + 1; }
        if (s < min) { min = s; min_d = i + 1; }
    }
    cout << min_d << " " << max_d;
    return 0;
}
```

```

Б дұрысы
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main () {
    ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0); cin.tie(0);
    int n;
    cin >> n;
    int a[n];
    for(int

```

~~А~~ с.

```

#include <iostream>
#define ll long long int
int main () {
    using namespace std;
    ll n, g, a[101000], b[101000], r;
    cin >> n >> g;
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) cin >> a[i];
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
        cin >> b[i];
        a[i] -= b[i];
        a[i] -= b[i];
        a[i] = a[i] * b[i] + a[i+1];
    }
    while (g-- > 0) {
        cin >> r >> n;
        cout << a[n] - a[r-1] << "\n";
    }
}

```